Dynamic Lagoons

(•)

10

Colour the world of upland wetlands

Paula Peeters Manu Saunders John Hunter Deborah Bower We acknowledge the traditional owners of the lands on which Upland Lagoons occur. Custodians of the New England Tablelands include the Anaiwan, Kwaimbul, Banbai, Bundjalung, and Ngarrabul people.

1

11/

Funding for this book was provided by the New South Wales Environmental Trust's Saving our Species program. Our project is part of a larger a partnership with the University of New England, Northern Tablelands Local Land Service, Armidale Council, Uralla Council, NSW National Parks and Wildlife Service, Traditional Owners, and our local communities.

Published in January 2023 by Paperbark Writer, PO Box 1136, Nerang, Yugambeh Country, Queensland, Australia. Designed and illustrated by Paula Peeters. Concept, scientific information and story by Manu Saunders, John Hunter and Deborah Bower.

Dynamic Lagoons: Colour the world of upland wetlands. Paula Peeters (illustrator): Manu Saunders, John Hunter and Deborah Bower (authors) © 2023 University of New England; Illustrations copyright © Paula Peeters 2023

ISBN 978-0-6454875-2-7 (ebook) A catalogue record for this book is available from the National Library of Australia www.trove.nla.gov.au

WITT II

Dynamic Lagoons

(•)

 \mathbf{O}

Colour the world of upland wetlands

Paula Peeters Manu Saunders John Hunter Deborah Bower

Upland Lagoons

You have probably heard of threatened species like koalas and northern hairy-nosed wombats, but did you know that entire groups of plants and animals can be classified as threatened when they occur together as a community? The New England Tablelands in northern New South Wales is home to a Threatened Ecological Community called Upland Wetlands. We call them Dynamic Lagoons.

Only 59 of these rare wetlands remain in the New England Tablelands. These lagoons are shallow waterbodies that occur in depressions in the landscape. They are home to an incredibly rich plant and animal community. Yet each lagoon is very different. They can be small or huge, deep or shallow, mostly wet or mostly dry. They also change over time, and can be full of water one month and dry the next. We hope you enjoy finding out more about the lagoons as you colour in these ancient landscapes.

How to get involved:

1 MULTIN (11/11 (- XIL)-11/14 - 1000

- Visit Dangar's Lagoon or Little Llangothlin Lagoon and take photographs at the photo points to help us track the hydrology and condition of each lagoon over time.
- Upload your observations of plants, animals or fungi to our Dynamic Lagoons project on iNaturalist to find out what they are and contribute to the database.
- · Log sightings of turtles or their predated nests on TurtleSAT.
- Check out <u>dynamiclagoons.org</u> to find out more about Dynamic Lagoons.





Billie grew up playing on her family's cattle farm in the Northern Tablelands. Her favourite part of the property to explore was the big wetland at the bottom of the hill.



The wetland would fill up with water during rain - there were so many interesting creatures to discover there!



So many different birds would arrive in their hundreds to breed...and splash, and play, and sing.



When Billie finished school, she went to university to study ecology. She was so fascinated by the watery world of her wetland friends, she wanted to learn more about how they were all connected. She also wanted to help her parents. The local weather patterns had changed over the last few years, and her parents were worried about how their farm would survive.





She discovered new creatures in new places, waiting for the rain to come back.



And at night she would hear the sounds of nocturnal animals coming out to feast in the lagoon.



But one day Billie realised that her wetland might be in danger. She overheard her father talking about deepening the lagoon so that it could hold more water.



Billie talked to her professor at university who had been studying the wetlands for years. She discovered that making the wetland deeper would destroy the habitat for many plants and animals. They rely on the wet and dry cycles to change over time. Together the professor and Billie designed a research project to collect data about the wetland, so they had evidence to help protect it.



As part of Billie's project, she encouraged her community to help the wetland by recording plants or animals they saw at different wetlands in the Northern Tablelands on the Dynamic Lagoons citizen science website.



The community helped to identify nesting birds, breeding frogs and pollinating insects inside the lagoon. Once everyone knew how many plants and animals from around the landscape relied on the wetland, they pledged to protect it forever, for everyone to enjoy.







Wavy Swamp Wallaby-Grass Amphibromus sinuatus Find on 1 page



Cynodon dactylon Find on 1 page



Glyceria australis Find on 1 page



Ludwigia peploides Find on 2 pages



Potamogeton tricarinatus Find on 4 pages



Common Woodruff Asperula conferta Find on 1 page



Cyperus sphaeroideus Find on 3 pages



Hydrocotyle tripartita Find on 5 pages



Myriophyllum variifolium Find on 3 pages



Ranunculus inundatus Find on 6 pages



Marsh Daisy Brachyscome radicans Find on 3 pages



Wild Carrot Daucus carota Find on 1 page



Isotoma fluviatilis Find on 5 pages



Nymphoides geminata Find on 3 pages





Carex disticha Find on 1 page



Eleocharis gracilis Find on 2 pages



Austral Rush Juncus australis Find on 1 page



Paspalum distichum Find on 1 page

Spiranthes australis Find on 1 page



Cenchrus purpurascens Find on 2 pages



New England Peppermint Eucalyptus nova-anglica Find on 1 page



Lachnagrostis filiformis Find on 5 pages



Persicaria lapathifolia Find on 2 pages



Kangaroo Grass Themeda triandra Find on 3 pages



Chara sp. Find on 1 page



Benambra Snow-Gum Eucalyptus pauciflora Find on 1 page



Leptorhynchos squamatus Find on 5 pages









Boar Thistle Cirsium vulgare Find on 1 page



Geranium solanderi Find on 1 page



Lilaeopsis polyantha Find on 1 page



Poa

sieberiana

Find on

2 pages

Verbena bonariensis Find on 1 page





SHALOCOMON SOME TIME IN TOUR AND A THE MANNAMENT AND THE

Discover the dynamic world of upland wetlands, a threatened ecological community of the New South Wales Northern Tablelands. Join Billie and friends as she discovers the special ecosystem on her property and finds out how she can protect it.

An amazing variety of plants and animals call these wetlands home. Peer beneath the water to find yabbies and turtles. Find the baby birds hidden in the reeds. Colour in the wildflowers and butterflies. A key at the back of the book will help you identify them, and show you who to look for.

Where do your favourite wetland plants and animal live?